

Solving System of Equations by **Substitution**

Main Ideas/Questions	Notes
WHAT IS IT?	An algebraic method for solving systems of equations by substituting equations within each other.
STEPS TO SOLVE	1. Solve one equation for x or y . Pick the <u>easier</u> equation. The goal is to get <u>x</u> or <u>y</u> by itself!
	2. Substitute! <u>Substitute</u> this expression into the other equation. <u>SOLVE</u> for the variable!
	3. Solve the equation! Get the variable by itself!
	4. Plug back in to find the other variable. <u>Substitute</u> your answer into the revised equation from Step 1 & <u>SOLVE</u> for the other variable!
	5. Check your solution! Substitute your ordered pair into <u>BOTH</u> equations.

Examples: Solve the following systems using **substitution**.

1.) $x + y = 5$
 $y = 3 + x$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x + 1(3 + x) &= 5 \\
 x + 3 + x &= 5 \\
 2x + 3 &= 5 \\
 \underline{-3} \quad \underline{-3} & \\
 2x &= 2 \\
 \underline{\frac{2}{2}} & \\
 x &= 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$y = 3 + x$
 $y = 3 + 1$
 $y = 4$

Solution
(1, 4)

2.) Which answer 'checks' correctly for the following system: $\begin{cases} 3x - y = 4 \\ x = 4y - 17 \end{cases}$

(a) $(2, 2)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3(2) - (2) &= 4 \\
 6 - 2 &= 4 \\
 4 &= 4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2 &= 4(2) - 17 \\
 2 &= 8 - 17 \\
 2 &\neq -9 \quad \text{NO}
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) $(5, 3)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3(5) - (3) &= 4 \\
 15 - 3 &= 4 \\
 12 &\neq 4 \quad \text{NO}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2 &= 4(3) - 17 \\
 2 &= 12 - 17 \\
 2 &\neq -5
 \end{aligned}$$

(c) $(3, 5)$

(d) $(3, -5)$