

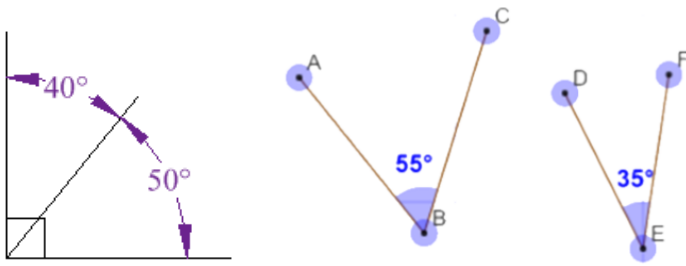
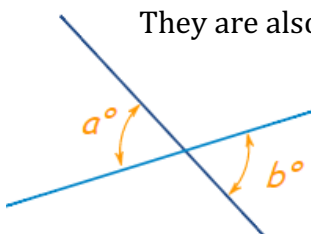
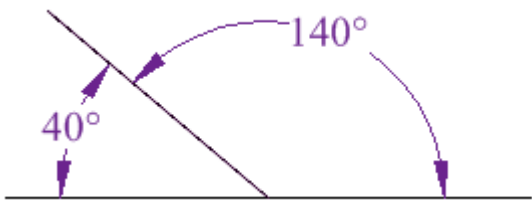
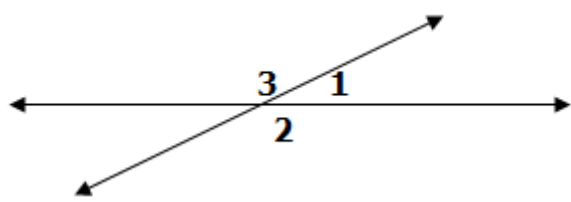
8-4 Complementary, Supplementary and Vertical Angles

"I can determine the measure of an angle using angle relationships."

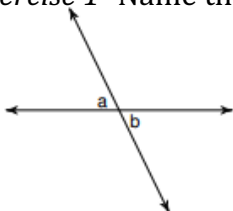
Warm Up: Answer the following questions based off your knowledge from 7th grade math.

- Define **complementary angles**:

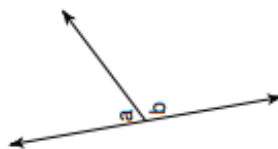
- Define **supplementary angles**:

Complementary Angles	Vertical Angles
<p>Two angles are complementary angles if they add up to _____ degrees. They do not have to be next to each other.</p> 	<p>When two lines intersect, four angles are created. Angles that are _____ from each other are called vertical angles. They are also _____.</p> 
Supplementary Angles	Linear Pairs
<p>Two angles are supplementary angles if they add up to _____ degrees. They do not have to be next to each other.</p> 	<p>Adjacent supplementary angles are called linear pairs because they form a _____.</p>  <p>$m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$</p> <p>$m\angle 1 + m\angle 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$</p>

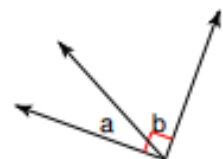
Exercise 1- Name the relationship: complementary, supplementary, vertical, or adjacent



(a) _____



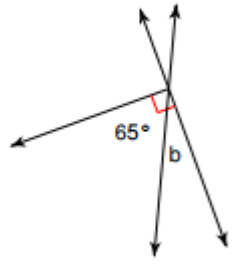
(b) _____



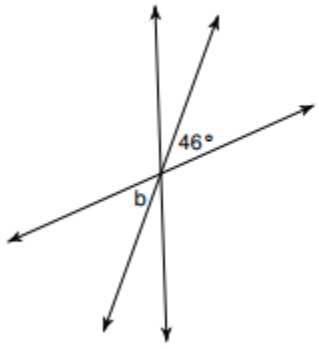
(c) _____

Exercise 2- given the diagram below; determine the missing value for the angles

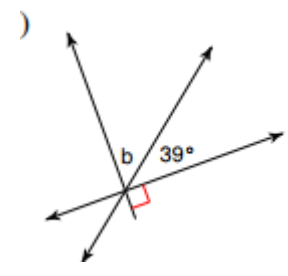
(a) _____



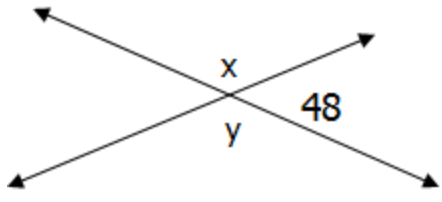
(b) _____



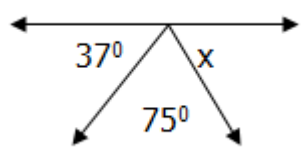
(c) _____



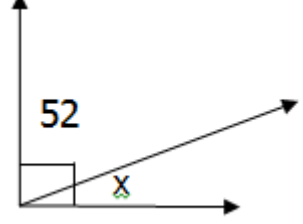
(d) _____



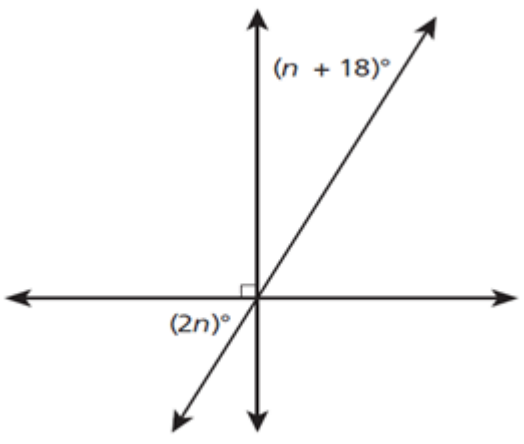
(e) _____



(f) _____



Exercise 3- What is the value of n , in the diagram below?



[not drawn to scale]

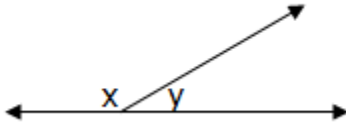
Problem Set:

(1) Which pairs of angles are complementary?

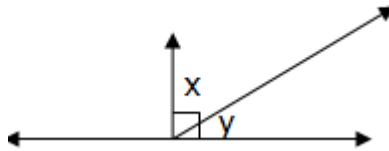
- a. 42° and 58°
- b. 100° and 80°
- c. 38° and 52°
- d. 300° and 60°

(2) If angles x and y are supplementary, which diagram below illustrates that situation?

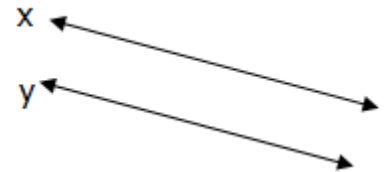
a.



b.

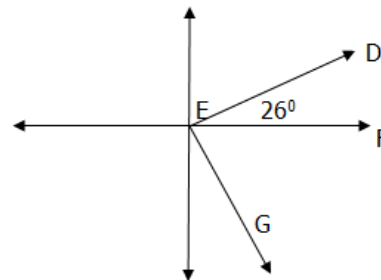


c.



(3) In the diagram below, $\angle DEF$ and $\angle FEG$ are complementary. What is the measure of $\angle FEG$?

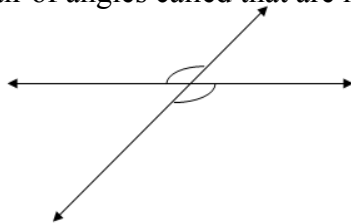
- a. 90°
- b. 26°
- c. 52°
- d. 64°



(4) Two lines that intersect to form right angles are called

- a. Parallel
- b. Straight
- c. Obtuse
- d. Perpendicular

(5) What is the pair of angles called that are marked in the diagram? What do you know to be true about those angles?



They are _____ angles.
We know that these angles are _____.

(6) Given the diagram below, determine the missing angles:

- (a) $m\angle CXF =$
- (b) $m\angle BXA =$
- (c) $m\angle AXG =$
- (d) $m\angle GXE =$

